

L.O - To explore 2 digit by 1 digit multiplication.

success criteria

- To use knowledge of repeated addition represent multiplication sentences.
- To apply knowledge of partitioning to represent calculations.
- To explore these methods to solve calculations without exchanging.

Key vocabulary: partition, diennes, multiplication, tens, ones, repeated addition



Lets have a look at this calculation.

$$21 \times 3 = ?$$

What operation do we need to use and
what methods can we use to help us
solve
this calculation?

We can use our knowledge of place value

to help us solve multiplication
calculations like this

$$21 \times 3 =$$


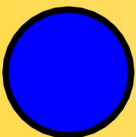

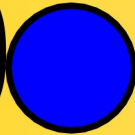
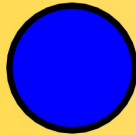

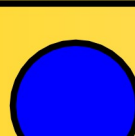
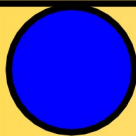

what do we know about 21 based on our
knowledge of place value?

It has _____ Ten's

It has _____ One's



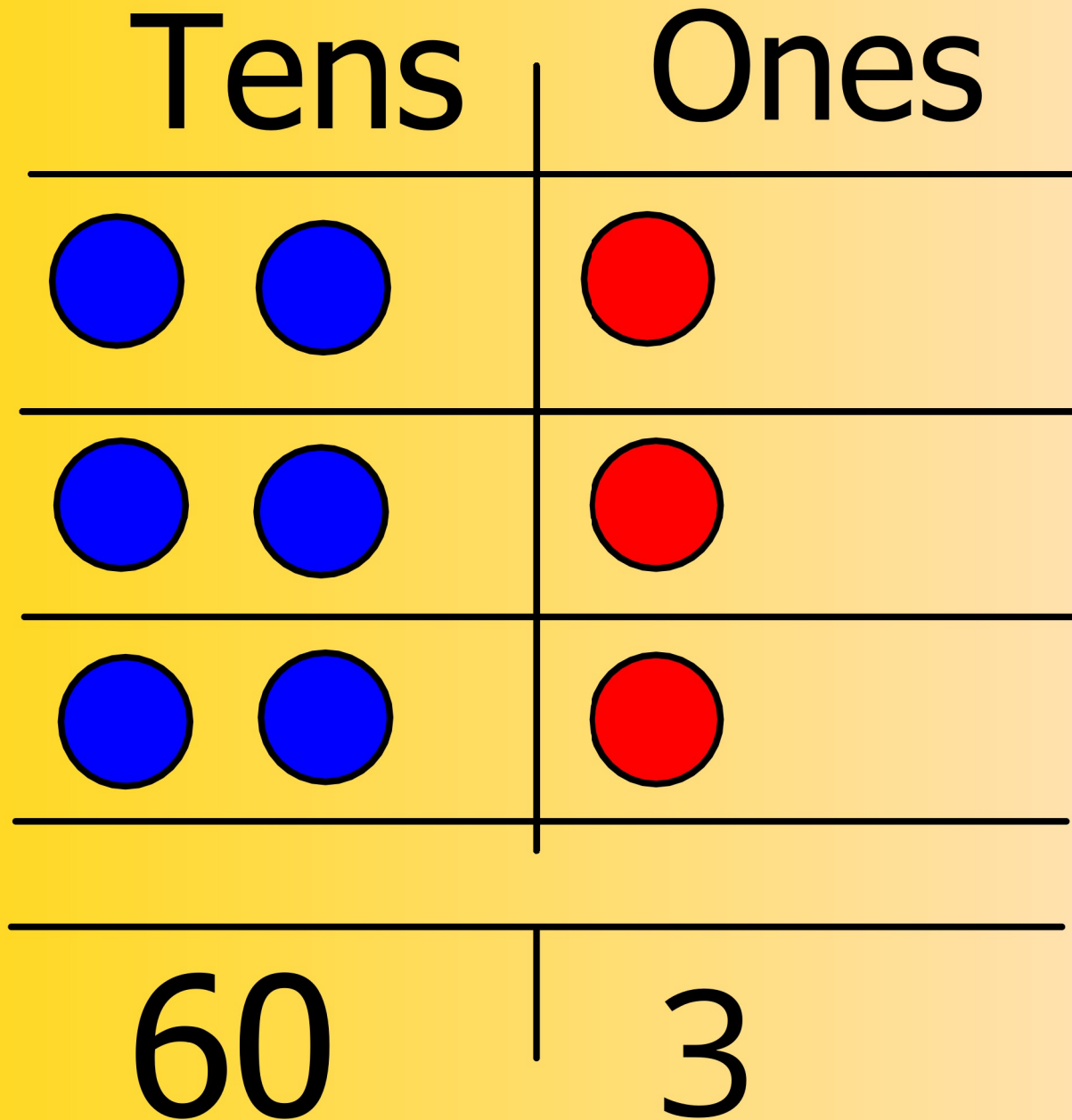
$$21 \times 3 =$$

		Tens	Ones	
10	10	 		1
10	10	 		1
10	10	 		1

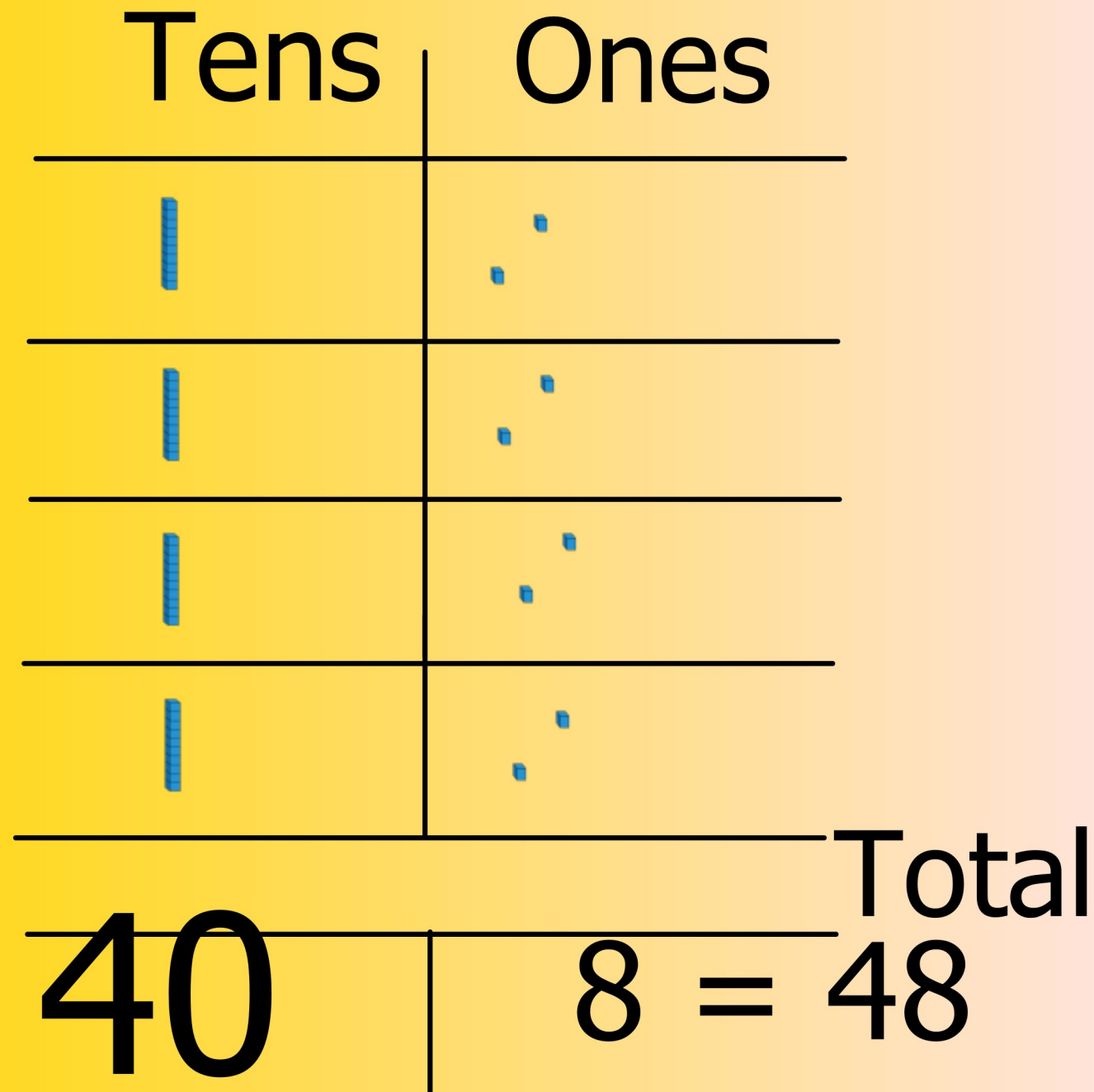
Why have I put 3 lots of 21 into this table?

Because I am multiplying 21 by 3.

Lets count up the
Tens and Ones



12 x 4



Choose a method to solve this calculation using the place value table.

44 x 2 =	
Tens	Ones
Total	

Choose a method to solve this calculation using the place value table.

33 x 3 =	
Tens	Ones
Total	

Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number 1



Discover



















Let's try this together using one of our methods

- 1 a) How many flowers have the people bought in total?
Use a number line to help you work out your answer.
- b) Use multiplication to work out how many flowers are bought in total.
Did you get the same answer?

Fluency

1. There are 21 chocolate bars in a vending machine. How many chocolate bars will there be in 3 vending machines?










2. Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

1	10
 	 
 	 
 	 
 	 

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

3.

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:









1	10
 	
 	
 	

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

Problem solving









There were 3 classes in year 3, In each class there were 12 boys and 13 girls, How many girls were the in year 3 all together?

Tommy's question was 9×8 and he used the multiplication grid to do his working out. Can you explain what he has done wrong?

<i>Tens</i>	<i>Ones</i>
	
	
	
	

Reasoning

Milly used the multiplication grid to solve her calculation and her answer was 48,
Look at her table, is she correct?

<i>Tens</i>	<i>Ones</i>
	
	
	
	
<i>Total</i>	
40	8 = 48