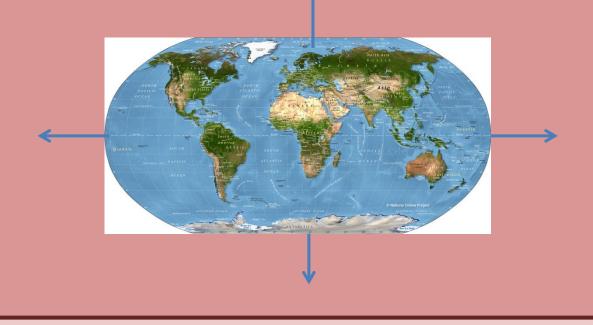


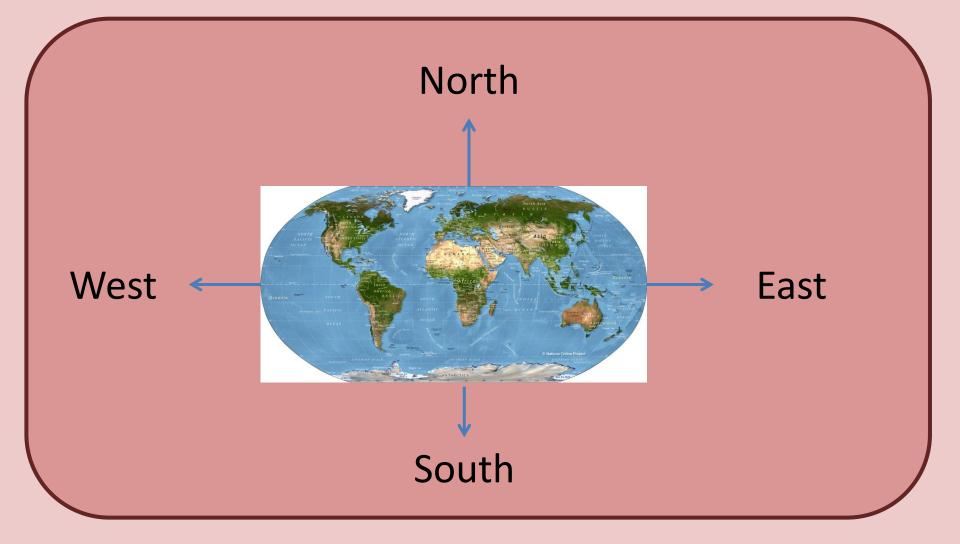
Today, we will be analysing different types of maps of North America to consider why people settle where they do, and the impact of electricity on North America.



Firstly, here's a map of the world. Which is north, east, south and west?









Where in the world is it generally warmer? Where in the world is it generally colder?



Thursday What is this red line called? Why is it generally warmer here?

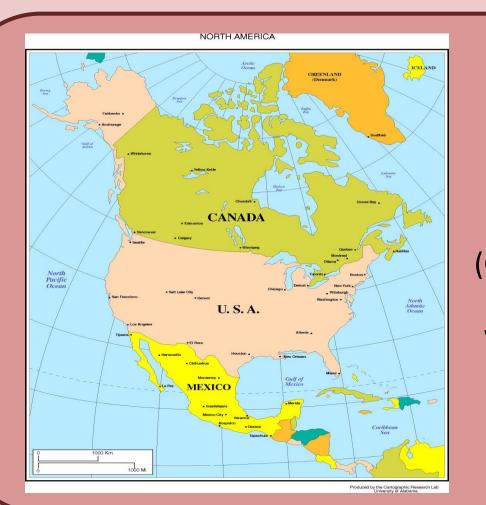
Year 4 Geography



This line is the Equator, and this area is normally closer to the sun than anywhere else and is therefore warmer.







Here is a map of North America, showing the three main countries of the continent we'll be focussing on this term. (Canada, USA and Mexico.)

Which is the most North? (Far from the Equator) Which is most south? (Nearer the Equator)



In today's lesson, we'll be looking at different maps of North America and analysing what we think they tell us.

In your books, write the number of the map and answer the questions with what you think.





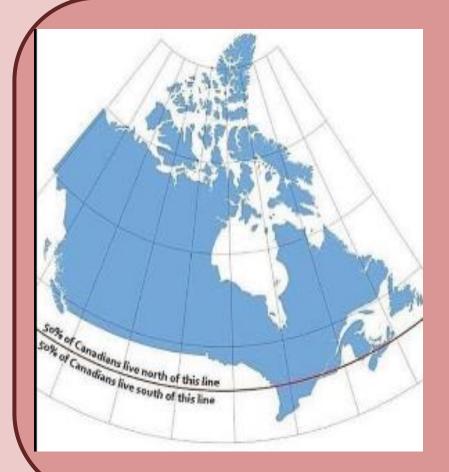
<u>Map 1</u>

These two maps show electricity usage and light pollution in North America.

Based on these two maps, where do you think the majority of people in the USA live?

Why do you think people have settled here?





Map 2 Here is a map of Canada.

Half of all the people in Canada live below that red line, whilst the other half live in all the area above the red line.

Why do you think not many Canadians live in the area above the red line?



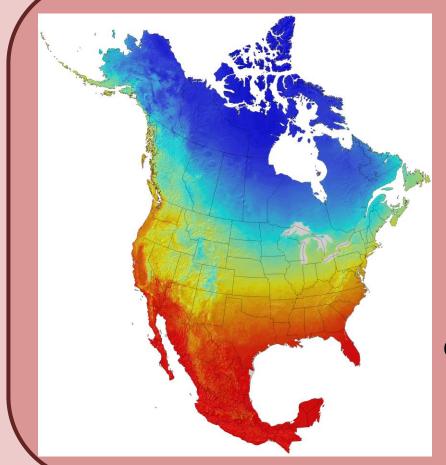


Map 3 Here is a map of the USA.

The two orange areas together have the same population (number of people live there) as the red area.

Why do you think so many people live near the coast? (beach/seaside)





North America is one continent, but it has many different climates.

'Climates' means the typical weather in an area.

As you can, Canada is incredibly cold, whilst Mexico is far warmer.